

Tie-Dying Instructions

1. Pre-wash fabric to remove sizing. Do not use fabric softener or dryer sheets. If you are dyeing the fabric right away there is no need to dry the items.
2. Set up work surface with plastic (garbage bags) and covered by paper towels.
3. Soak material in soda ash dilution.
4. Mix dye according to manufacturers instruction. (Make sure you are wearing your gloves and glasses)
5. Dye fabric.
6. Cover dyed fabric with plastic to keep it from drying out. Let it set for 6-8 hours. Longer setting creates more intense colors.
7. Rinse dyed fabric in warm water until all extra dye is removed and water runs clear, remove rubber bands and rinse again.
8. Wash your items on the hottest water suitable for the fabric used with a small amount of laundry soap. Wash and dry separately from other clothing for the first few washes in case the dye not completely set and bleeds onto other clothes. (Never leave dyed items sitting wet on top of other items.)



Tie-Dye

Safety Equipment—Write the reason you should use each item when tie-dyeing.







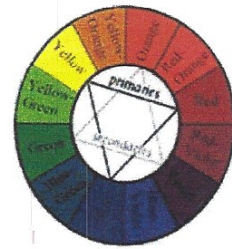
Always remember, no two items will be identical, nor will they be perfect. Each item will be as unique as the individual who made it.

The purpose of the Soda Ash is

You should soak the fabric for _____ minutes before dyeing.

Circle the best types of fabric to tie-dye.

- | | | |
|--------|--------------|-----------|
| Wool | Rayon | Polyester |
| Cotton | Polar Fleece | Silk |



The 3 Primary Colors are:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

What primary colors would you mix to make:

- Purple— _____ and _____
- Orange— _____ and _____
- Green— _____ and _____